Warning

Use this product only in the manner described in this manual. If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by Calibration Technologies, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

This equipment should be installed by qualified personnel.
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General Description

The GG-VL-R Vent Line sensor is a +24 VDC, three-wire, 4/20 mA sensor for CFC, HFC and HCFC refrigerant gases. It provides an industry standard linear 4/20 mA output signal compatible with most gas detection systems and PLCs.

The GG-VL-R provides real-time continuous monitoring of refrigerant vapors in refrigeration system vent lines. Utilizing a rugged and long-life solid-state sensor, the GG-VL-R sensor withstands continuous exposures to high concentrations of vapors, without shortening the life of the sensor.

The sensor is housed in the mounting kit, which is connected to the backside of the sensor enclosure. The union of the mounting kit “breaks apart” allowing for simple sensor field replacement.

The transmitter circuit board is sealed in potting compound, protecting sensitive electronic components and copper tracing from corrosion. The stainless steel enclosure protects the transmitter from chemical and UV damage.

Recommended alarm setpoints for refrigerant vent lines are typically 0.5 – 1.0% (12 – 20 mA). Setpoints lower than this may result in occasional false alarms due to inclement weather or interference gases (e.g. truck exhaust, condenser steam, etc.).

Installation

Locating the sensor

Warning: Outdoor installation only. Never install the sensor indoors (e.g. Engine Room)

Note: The ½” nipple of the supplied mounting kit should be welded to the relief header to allow airflow to the sensor.

Note: Removing the ½” plug from the mounting kit usually allows more fresh air to the sensor and prevents signal rise over time.

The GG-VL-R sensor assembly should be installed outdoors three to five feet above the roofline, where the relief header discharges to the atmosphere (see Figure 1).
Installation Guidelines:

- Always assume system could discharge at any moment. Stay clear of discharge path and have escape route planned.
- Make sure refrigerant does not discharge onto sensor assembly or personnel working on sensor (i.e. mount sensor opposite side of discharge).
- Install sensor enclosure with conduit hole facing down.

Figure 1: Discharge to Atmosphere
Wiring

Electrical wiring must comply with all applicable codes.

**Electrical Power:** 24 VDC regulated, 250 mA.

**Output:** Linear 4/20 mA output. Monitoring equipment may have a maximum input impedance of 700 ohms.

**Cable Recommendation:** 20/3 shielded cable (General Cable C2525A or equivalent). Length of cable to sensor should be no greater than 1,500 ft.

**Monitoring:** Monitoring equipment must be configured to indicate a fault if the signal is below 1 mA. All signals over 20 mA must be considered high gas concentrations. Alarm setpoints should not be lower than 50% of full-scale range.

**Wiring Guidelines:**

- Use only the existing conduit hole for connections to the sensor.
- Always use three conductor, insulated, stranded, shielded copper cable.
- Do not pull sensor wiring with AC power cables. This can cause electrical interference.
- If cable runs cannot be made without a splice, all splice connections should be soldered.
- Ground the shield at the main control panel. Connect the shield wire in the sensor terminal block labeled SHLD.
- Always disconnect power at the controller before performing any wiring at the sensor.

**Figure 2: Wiring Diagram**

**Terminal Block Plug (Field Wiring):**

- **SHLD:** To case (earth) ground of monitoring equipment
- **GND:** To ground terminal of power supply
- **+24V:** To +24V terminal of power supply
- **SIG:** To signal input of monitoring equipment
**Operation**

**Start-up**

Before applying power, make a final check of all wiring for continuity, shorts, grounds, etc. It is usually best to disconnect external alarms and other equipment from the sensor until the initial start-up procedures are completed.

After power-up, allow at least 1 hour for the system to stabilize before testing the sensors. Because sensors are normally located at a distance from the main unit, the test time required and accuracy of the response checks will be improved if two people perform the start-up procedures and use radio contact.

**Response Test:**

1. One person removes the ½” plug in the tee and injects a small amount of propane/butane from an unlit plumber’s torch.

2. The second person stays at the control panel to determine that each sensor, when exposed to the gas, is connected to the proper input and responds, causing appropriate alarm functions.

**Calibration**

The GG-VL-R sensor comes factory calibrated and should not require any adjustments after installation. If any adjustments are required, there are two pots on the preamp that are used for calibration.

Note: Never measure sensor output in mA. Always use mVDC or VDC voltmeter settings.

**Zero Calibration:** After the unit is installed and has been powered up for a minimum of 24 hours, the unit can be zero calibrated by the following:

- Be sure the unit is in clean air. This can be accomplished by removing the sensor from the mounting kit into fresh air.

- Adjust the zero pot until the sensor outputs 40 mV from Test [-] to Test [+] (see Figure 3).

**Span Calibration:** It is recommended that the GG-VL-R sensor be response tested only, every six months. Refer to the Response Test procedure on this page.

If span calibration is required, the following procedure will span the unit:

- Unscrew the union nut of mounting kit, making sure to support weight of sensor assembly. This will expose the sensor and allow for a more accurate span calibration (see Figure 4).

- Apply 1% target span gas at 0.8 L/min.

- Once the output signal has peaked (or one minute maximum) adjust the span pot until the sensor outputs 200 mV from Test [-] to Test [+] (see Figure 3).
Figure 3: Sensor Output and Zero/span Adjustments
The GG-VL-R sensor was designed for long life and minimal maintenance. Calibration Technologies recommends the following maintenance schedule:

**Maintenance Guidelines:**
- The sensor is shipped with a factory calibration and should be response-tested every 6 months.
- Response-test the sensor at least once every 6 months. The response test can be performed with propane or butane from an unlit plumber’s torch.
- All tests and calibrations must be logged.
- Always disconnect power at the controller before performing any wiring at the sensor.

**Sensor Life:** Typical sensor life of the GG-VL-R sensor is five to seven years. A few conditions can cause the sensor to become faulty, including:
- a long period of time
- exposure to liquid

**Note:** Always assume system could discharge at any moment. Stay clear of discharge path and have escape route planned.

**Sensor Replacement:** When the sensor becomes faulty, a replacement sensor can be obtained from Calibration Technologies. To replace the sensor, refer to Figure 4 and the following procedure:

1. Loosen the screw terminals of sensor connector (orange and red wires) and disconnect the wires.
2. Unscrew the union nut of mounting kit, making sure to support weight of sensor assembly. This will expose the sensor.
3. Remove sensor by pulling it out through the union.
4. Install new sensor and tighten sensor screw terminals. Make sure the red and orange wires are in their correct terminals.
5. Re-assemble sensor/mounting kit.
6. Discard old sensor.

The sensor can be response-tested immediately after replacement. Zero/span calibration may be performed after a 12 hour warm-up period.

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**Figure 4: Sensor Replacement**

- Union nut
- Sensor
- Mounting kit with union, tee, nipple, and test plug
**Specifications**

- **Input Power:** +24 VDC, 80 mA
- **Detection Principle:** Solid-state
- **Detection Method:** Diffusion
- **Gas:** CFC / HFC / HCFC refrigerants (R11, R12, R22, R134a, R404a, R410a, R434a, R507a, etc.)
- **Range:** 0/1% (10,000 ppm)
- **Output Signal:** Linear 4/20 mA (max input impedance: 700 Ohms)
- **Response Time:** T90 = less than 30 seconds
- **Accuracy:** +/- 5% of full-scale
- **Zero Drift:** Less than 1% per month
- **Span Drift:** Less than 1% of full-scale per month
- **Linearity:** +/- 5% of full-scale
- **Repeatability:** +/- 5% of full-scale
- **Wiring Connections:** 3-conductor, shielded, stranded, 20 AWG cable (General Cable C2525A or equivalent) up to 1500 ft.
- **Terminal Block Plug (Field Wiring):** 26-16 AWG, torque 4 lbs-in.
- **Enclosure:** 18 gauge stainless steel housing. Captive screw in hinged lid. For non-classified areas.
- **Mounting Kit:** Schedule 80 NPT pipe fittings
- **Temperature Range:** -46°F to +140°F (-46°C to +60°C)
- **Dimensions:** 4.8” high x 4.72” wide x 3.35” deep
- **Weight:** 4 lbs (includes mounting kit)
- **Certification:** ETL Listed: Conforms to UL 61010-1 Certified to CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1

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**Troubleshooting**

**Sensor Fault: (low signal reading)**

*Indications:* (any or all)
- Red LED on transmitter lit.
- Voltage signal at testpoints is 5 mVdc (.5 mA output).
- PLC displays negative value (e.g. -2150 ppm).
- Controller indicates sensor fault or sensor failure

**Possible Cause / Solution:**
- Sensor exposed to liquid. Replace sensor element (see page 9 for more info).
- Loose connection. Check and tighten sensor wires.

**Constant or Intermittent high signal or alarms:**

*Indications:*
- Erratic or constant high concentration reading at controller or PLC.

**Possible Cause / Solution:**
- Weeping relief valve. Check valve by drawing a sample from the header with an accurate portable refrigerant detector. Be sure to sample 1’ to 3’ from inside the header to ensure a good reading.
- or loosen union nut and remove sensor assembly from header. If signal returns to normal in fresh air, investigate relief valve(s) and replace if necessary.
- Condenser steam. Re-install the ½” plug or install pipe in its place, lowered below the condenser steam level to allow a fresh-air vent to the sensor.
- Sensor aged beyond its useful life (hypersensitive). Replace sensor element (see page 9 for more info).
Limited Warranty & Limitation of Liability

Calibration Technologies, Inc. (CTI) warrants this product to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of 2 years (including sensor), beginning on the date of shipment to the buyer. This warranty extends only to the sale of new and unused products to the original buyer. CTI’s warranty obligation is limited, at CTI’s option, to refund of the purchase price, repair, or replacement of a defective product that is returned to a CTI authorized service center within the warranty period. In no event shall CTI’s liability hereunder exceed the purchase price actually paid by the buyer for the Product.

This warranty does not include:

a) gas sensors that have been wetted by liquid ammonia, oil or water
b) routine replacement of parts due to the normal wear and tear of the product arising from use;
c) any product which in CTI’s opinion, has been misused, altered, neglected or damaged by accident or abnormal conditions of operation, handling or use;
d) any damage or defects attributable to repair of the product by any person other than an authorized dealer or contractor, or the installation of unapproved parts on the product

The obligations set forth in this warranty are conditional on:

a) proper storage, installation, calibration, use, maintenance and compliance with the product manual instructions and any other applicable recommendations of CTI;
b) the buyer promptly notifying CTI of any defect and, if required, promptly making the product available for correction. No goods shall be returned to CTI until receipt by the buyer of shipping instructions from CTI; and
c) the right of CTI to require that the buyer provide proof of purchase such as the original invoice, bill of sale or packing slip to establish that the product is within the warranty period.

THE BUYER AGREES THAT THIS WARRANTY IS THE BUYER’S SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. CTI SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY SPECIAL, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OR LOSSES, INCLUDING LOSS OF DATA, WHETHER ARISING FROM BREACH OF WARRANTY OR BASED ON CONTRACT, TORT OR RELIANCE OR ANY OTHER THEORY.